



Designation: D5721 – 22

Standard Practice for Air-Oven Aging of Polyolefin Geomembranes¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D5721; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope

1.1 This practice covers a means for estimating the resistance of polyolefin geomembranes to thermal aging in the presence of air.

1.2 This practice should be used as a guide to compare thermal aging characteristics of materials as measured by the change in some property of interest. This practice does not predict thermal aging characteristics where interactions between stress, environment, temperature, and time control failure.

1.3 This practice is useful for the development of formulations of polyolefin geomembranes.

1.4 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as standard. No other units of measurement are included in this standard.

1.5 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety, health, and environmental practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

1.6 *This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 *ASTM Standards:*²

D618 Practice for Conditioning Plastics for Testing

D638 Test Method for Tensile Properties of Plastics

D746 Test Method for Brittleness Temperature of Plastics and Elastomers by Impact

¹ This practice is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee D35 on Geosynthetics and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee D35.02 on Endurance Properties.

Current edition approved Jan. 1, 2022. Published January 2022. Originally approved in 1995. Last previous edition approved in 2018 as D5721 – 08 (2018). DOI: 10.1520/D5721-22.

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

D792 Test Methods for Density and Specific Gravity (Relative Density) of Plastics by Displacement

D1238 Test Method for Melt Flow Rates of Thermoplastics by Extrusion Plastometer

D1505 Test Method for Density of Plastics by the Density-Gradient Technique

D1525 Test Method for Vicat Softening Temperature of Plastics

D1790 Test Method for Brittleness Temperature of Plastic Sheeting by Impact

D3045 Practice for Heat Aging of Plastics Without Load

D4439 Terminology for Geosynthetics

D5885/D5885M Test Method for Oxidative Induction Time of Polyolefin Geosynthetics by High-Pressure Differential Scanning Calorimetry

D6693/D6693M Test Method for Determining Tensile Properties of Nonreinforced Polyethylene and Nonreinforced Flexible Polypropylene Geomembranes

D8117 Test Method for Oxidative Induction Time of Polyolefin Geosynthetics by Differential Scanning Calorimetry

E145 Specification for Gravity-Convection and Forced-Ventilation Ovens

F412 Terminology Relating to Plastic Piping Systems

3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions:*

3.1.1 For definitions of general terms used in this standard, refer to Terminology D4439.

3.1.2 *aging, n*—the process of exposing materials to an environment for an interval of time.

3.1.3 *polyolefin, n*—a polymer prepared by the polymerization of an olefin(s) as the sole monomer(s). (F412)

3.1.4 *Vicat softening point*—the temperature at which a flat-ended needle of 1 mm² circular cross section will penetrate a thermoplastic specimen to a depth of 1 mm under a specified load using a selected uniform rate of temperature rise. (D1525)

4. Significance and Use

4.1 Under the conditions of this test, the specimens undergo degradation at a rate that is a function of the thermal endurance of the polyolefin geomembrane under examination.

4.2 The rate of change of a particular property as a function of temperature may be evaluated using the temperatures and times outlined in Practice D3045.